

Plasma gasification of biomass using a nitrogen plasma reactor to produce synthesis gas for small communities

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Introduction

- **Rapid industrialisation and agriculture has led to the increase available solid biomass waste.**
- This solid biomass waste **‘problem’** is a solution to our energy needs.
- Solid waste management needs to adopt some strategies:
 - Resource recovery through waste recovery.
 - Elimination of biomass land filling disposals.
 - Design environmentally responsible chemical conversion technologies.
 - Sustainable small scale thermal processes which are modular and flexible in their applications.

Challenges and opportunities

Challenges

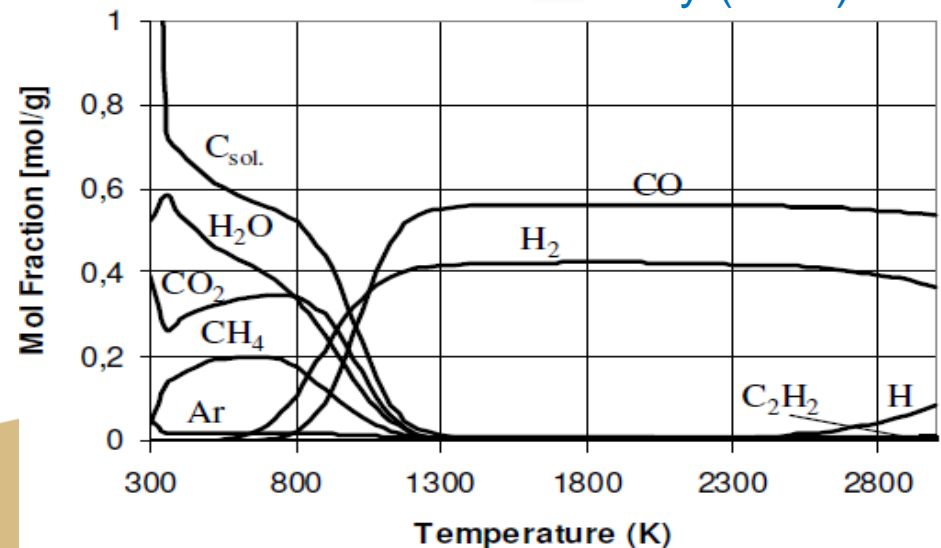
- Global growth of energy demand is not balanced with its availability.
- 20% of methane emissions generated from landfills while 8% from manure management (EPA 2016).
- Limit global temperature rise to less than 2 °C above pre-industrial levels – the internationally agreed goal (COP21).

Opportunities

- Heating value of biomass indicates waste to energy plants are feasible.
- Production of valuable gas (syngas from waste biomass).
- Plasma gasification is a unique and is among the best opportunities to mitigate these challenges.



Hrabovsky (2011)



Background: Plasma gasification

Initially technology was applied to nuclear waste industry.

Later adapted and applied to waste gasification processes and produce **syngas**.

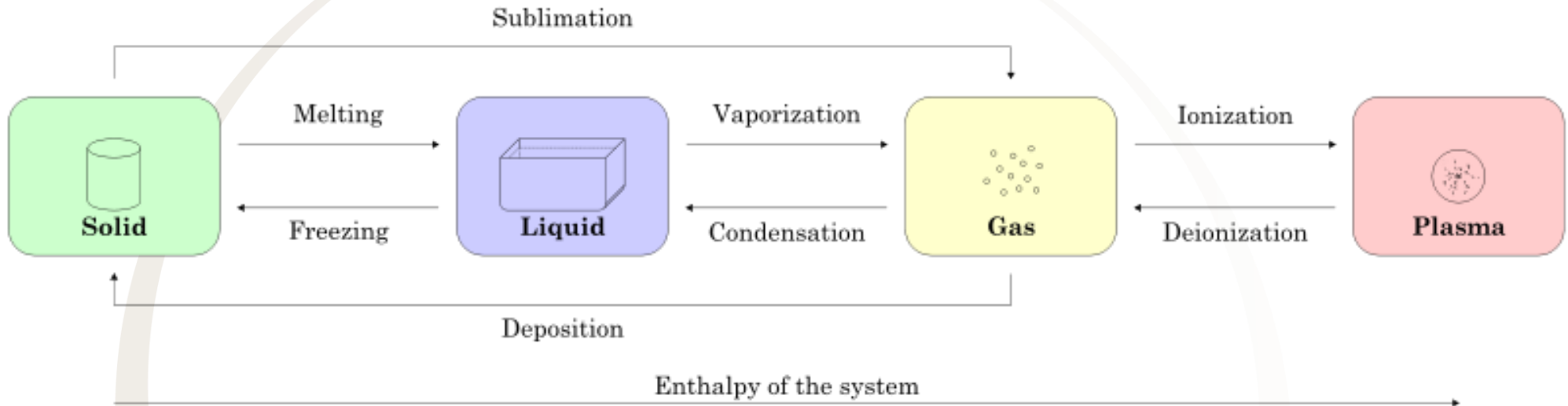
- effectiveness of the process.
- due to high demand for energy.

Syngas is a mixture of gases containing mainly hydrogen H_2 and carbon monoxide (CO) and minor quantities of CO_2 , H_2O and CH_4 .

Syngas is used directly as:

- fuel for electricity generators.
- feed for Fischer Tropsch process in crude oil production.

What is Plasma?



Matter in “ordinary” conditions presents itself as **solid, liquid** and **gas**.

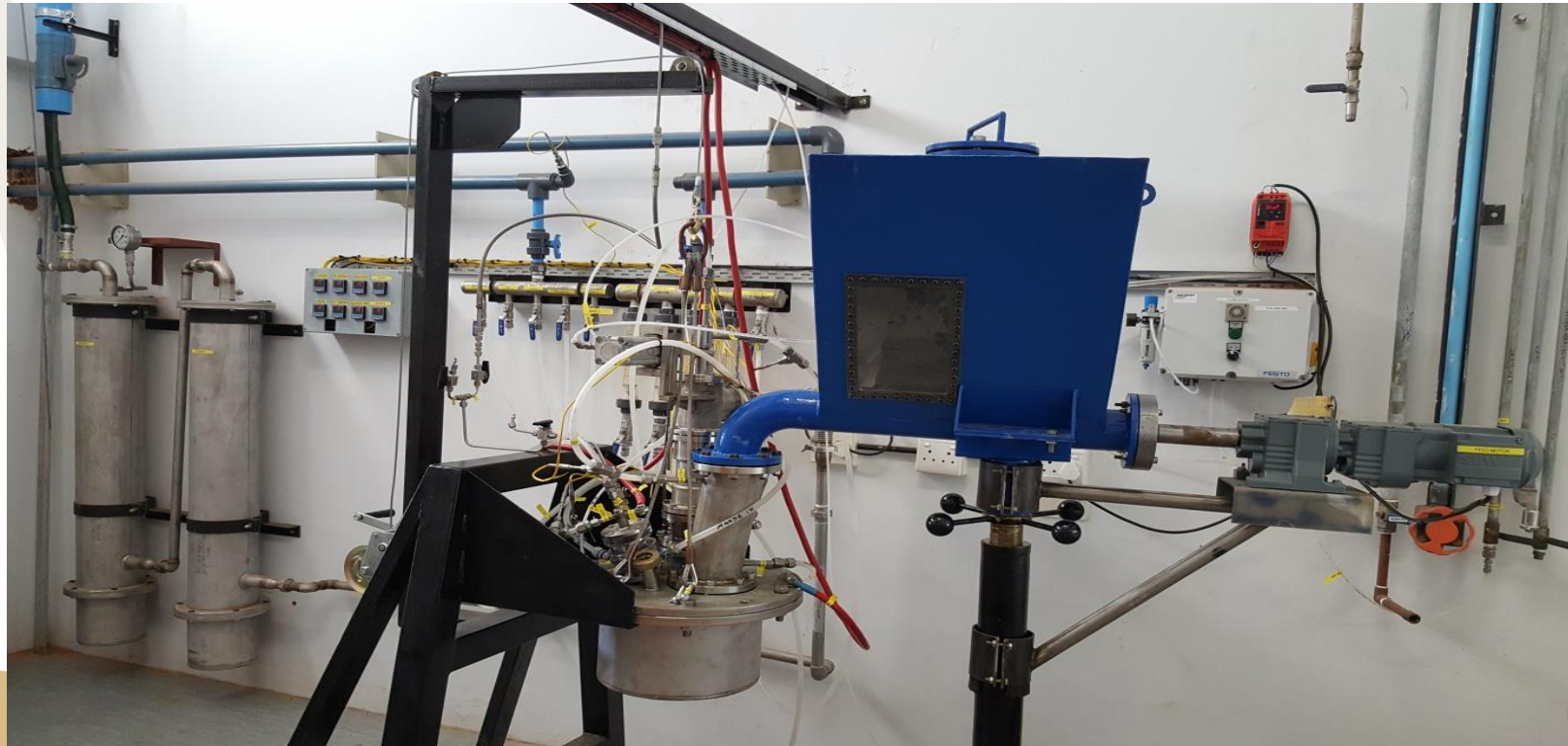
Heating a gas at very high temperatures lead to ionization of atoms and turns it into plasma.

Plasma = The 4th state of matter.

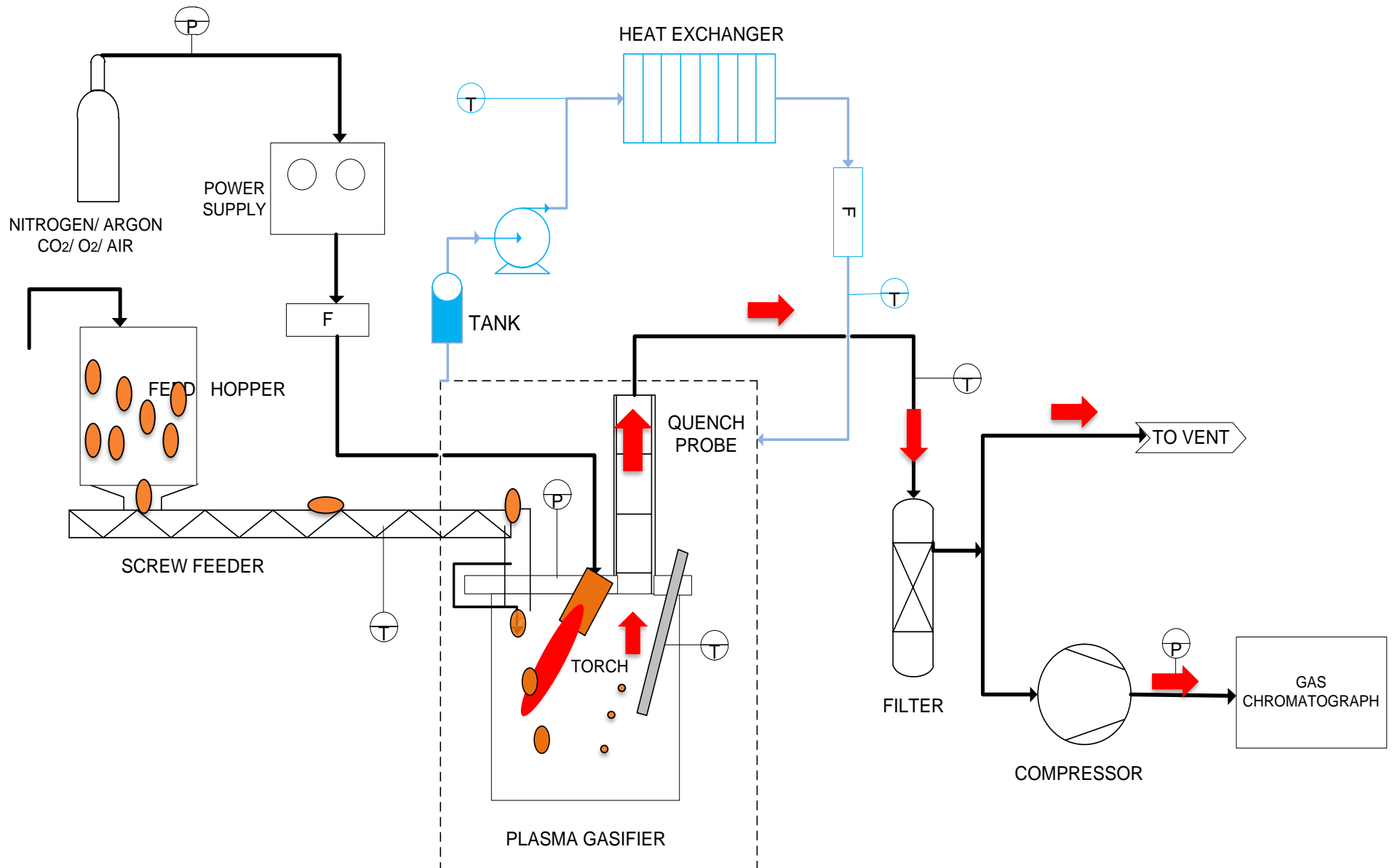
Lightning is an example of plasma from nature.

View of the laboratory plasma gasifier

- Plasma torch is the central part of the plasma gasification process.
- Operates at atmospheric pressure.
- Other components: Ionized gas, waste feed stock, power supply.
- Inside vessel is lined with ceramic refractory and sealed with stainless steel.
- Plasma arc converts organic waste is into synthesis gas.



Process Flow Diagram



Characteristics of feed material

| Proximate analysis | | Ultimate analysis | |
|--------------------|-------|-------------------|--------------|
| (As received) | | (As received) | |
| Volatile matter | 71.59 | C | 47.7 (48.4) |
| Ash | 2.44 | H | 6.04 (6.1) |
| Moisture | 6 | O | 43.84 (45.3) |
| Fixed carbon | 25.95 | N | 0.234 (0.21) |
| - | - | S | Not Det |

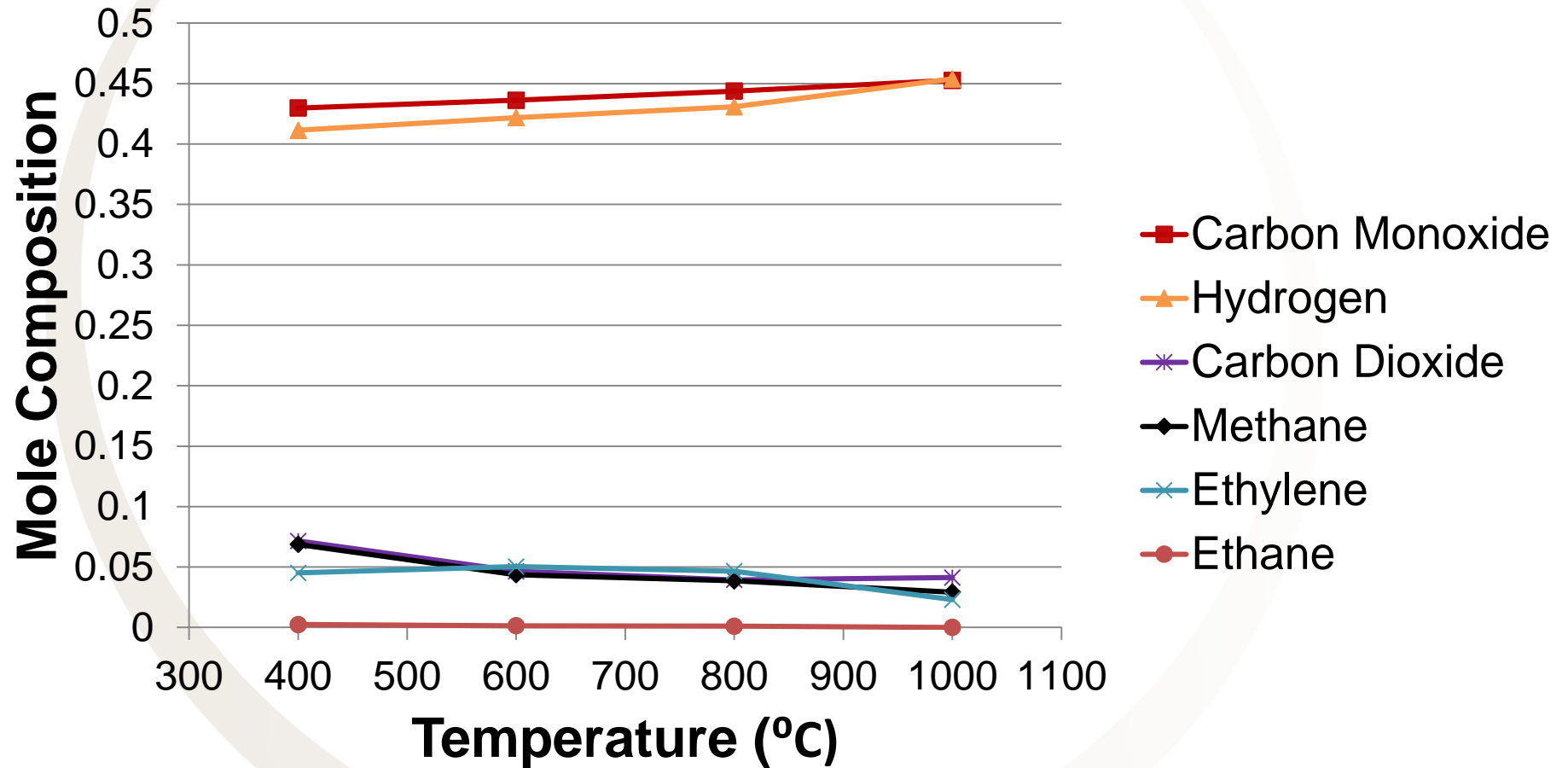
Calorific value

5.18
(kWh/(kg))



(Renew., 2004)

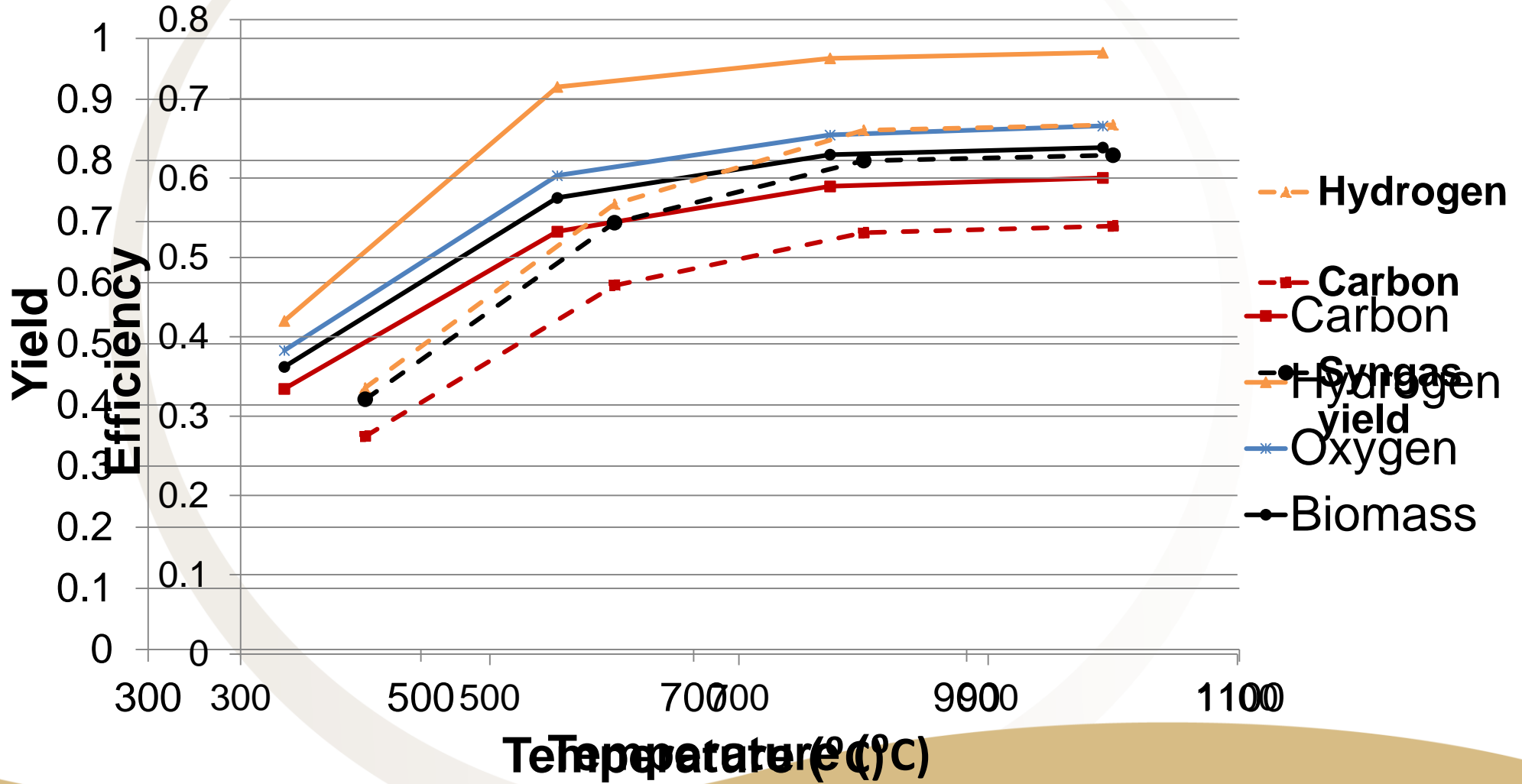
Change in the mole concentration of the product gas with temperature (Pyrolysis).



$$\text{H yield} = \frac{\text{H atoms in the product gas}}{\text{H atoms in feed}}$$

Yield and Efficiency

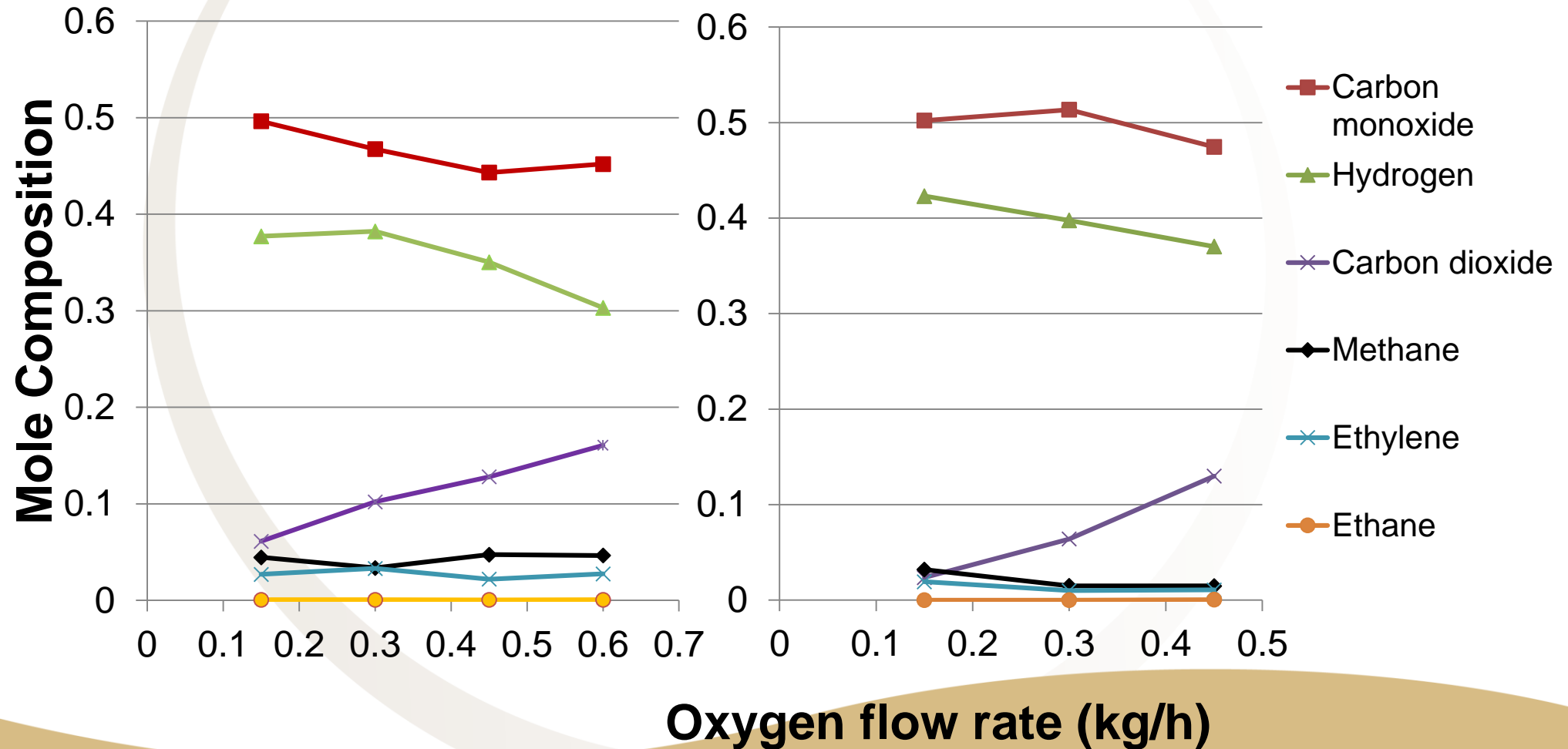
$$\text{H efficiency} = \frac{\text{H atoms in the H}_2 \text{ product}}{\text{H atoms in feed}}$$



Gasification

2 kg/h, 700 °C

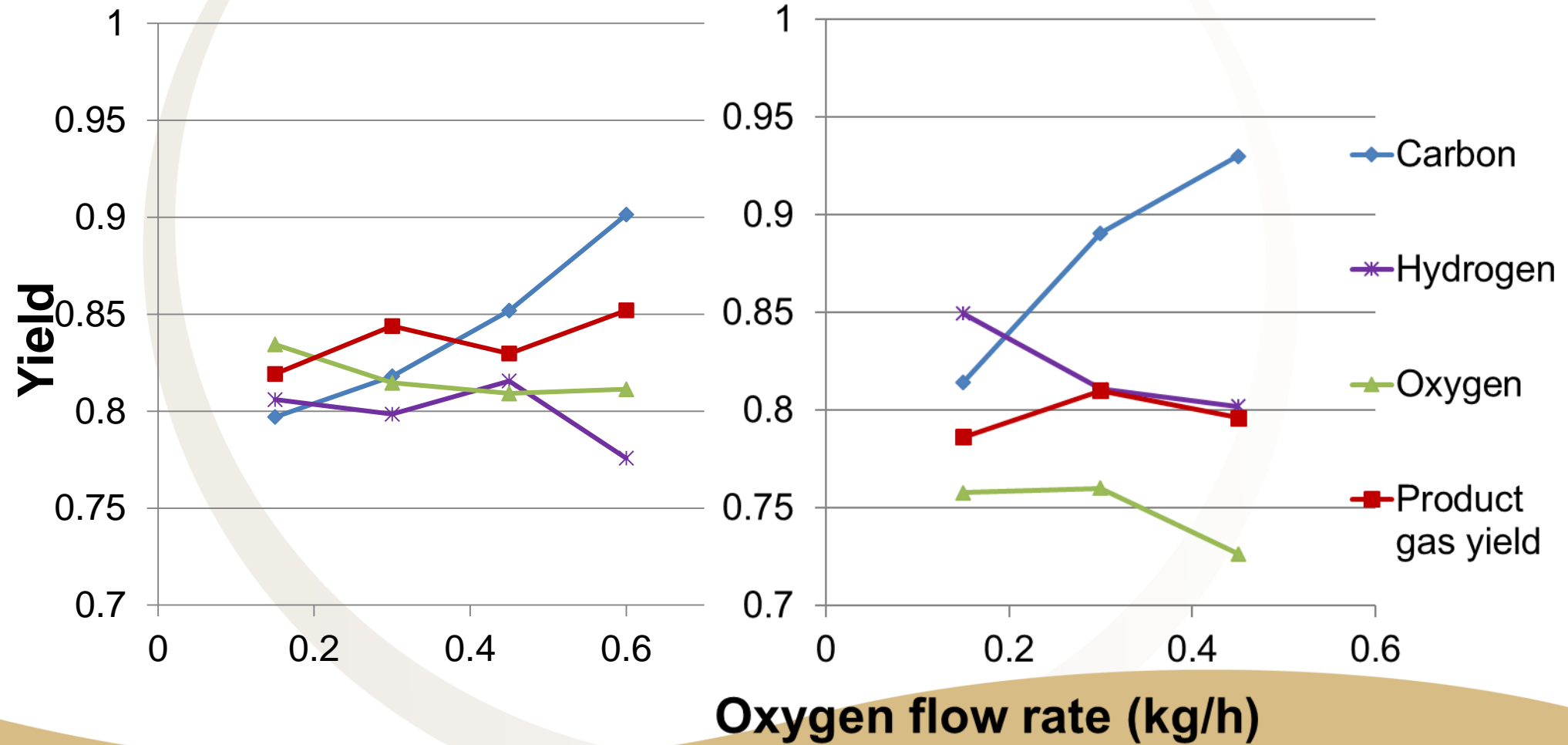
1 kg/h, 900 °C



Yield

700 °C

900 °C



Application of the plasma system in communities

Municipality

- Reduce biomass waste that is sent to landfills.
- Reducing methane emissions.
- Unlocks the greatest amount of energy from waste that can be converted to electricity.
- Employment opportunities.
- Use waste from farming/ timber for energy.
- Can also be used for municipal waste.
- Environmental benefits (reduce waste, reduce GHG).

Conclusions

- The molar H_2/CO ratio for the product gas obtained for pyrolysis at temperatures 400 °C, 600 °C, 800 °C and 1000 °C was ~1:1.
- The results have shown that adding O_2 resulted in a decrease of the H_2 yield, with an increase in CO_2 production.
- Cost benefit analysis (good syngas quality vs heat and work losses)
- Plasma gasification holds a potential to add to the supply of renewable resource in these times of uncertain energy supplies if the process is designed efficiently.

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Thank you

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